

SRA Indemnity Insurance Rules

i Guidance, changes, terms, notes and tags

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/indemnity-insurance-rules/?docld=1938892779]

These rules require firms that are authorised by the SRA to take out and maintain professional indemnity insurance. They do not apply to solicitors, RELs, RFLs and RSLs that practise outside SRA authorised firms.

Part 1: General

Open all [#]

Rule 1: Application

 $[\underline{\text{https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/indemnity-insurance-rules/?}} \\ contentId = 1816562527]$

These rules apply to <u>authorised bodies</u>
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/glossary/#authorised-body]
 and their <u>principals</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#principal].

Part 2: Responsibility and monitoring

Open all [#]

Rule 2: Obligation to effect insurance

 $[\underline{\text{https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/indemnity-insurance-rules/?}}\\ \underline{\text{contentId=}114202102}]$

- 2. An <u>authorised body [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-body]_carrying on a practice [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#practice]_during any indemnity period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#indemnity-period]_beginning on or after 25 November 2019 must take out and maintain <u>qualifying insurance</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#qualifying-insurance]_under these rules with a <u>participating insurer</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#participating-insurer]</u>
- 3. In respect of its obligation under rule 2.1, an <u>authorised body</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-body]

must obtain a <u>policy [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#policy]</u> of <u>qualifying insurance</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#qualifying-insurance] prior to the expiry of the <u>policy period</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#policy-period], that provides cover incepting on and with effect from the expiry of the <u>policy period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#policy-period]</u>.

- 4. If the <u>authorised body [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-body]</u> has been unable to comply with rule 2.2, the <u>authorised body [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-body]</u> must obtain a <u>policy</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#policy] of qualifying insurance [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#qualifying-insurance] during or prior to the expiry of the <u>extended policy period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#extended-policy-period]</u> that provides cover incepting on and with effect from the expiry of the <u>policy period</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#policy-period].
- 5. If the authorised body [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#authorised-body] has been unable to comply with either rule 2.2 or rule 2.3, the authorised body [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-body] must cease practice [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-<u>regulations/glossary/#practice]</u> promptly, and by no later than the expiry of the cessation period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#cessation-period], unless the authorised body [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-body] obtains a policy [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#policy] of qualifying insurance [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#gualifyinginsurance] during or prior to the expiry of the cessation period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#cessation-period] that provides cover incepting on and with effect from the expiry of the policy period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-<u>regulations/glossary/#policy-period</u>] and covers all activities in connection with private legal practice [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#private-legal-practice] carried out by the authorised body [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorisedbody] including, without limitation, any carried out in breach of rule 4.2.

Rule 3: Adequate and appropriate insurance

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/indemnity-insurance-rules/?contentId=1694232275]

3. Notwithstanding rule 2.1 above, an <u>authorised body</u>

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-body]

must take out and maintain professional indemnity insurance that

- provides adequate and appropriate cover in respect of current or past practice taking into account any alternative arrangements the body or its clients[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#client] may make.
- 4. An <u>authorised body [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-body]</u> must ensure that its <u>clients</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#client] have the benefit of the indemnity insurance required under these rules and must not exclude or attempt to exclude liability below the minimum level of cover required under these rules.

Rule 4: Responsibility

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/indemnity-insurance-rules/?contentId=1126778800]

- 4. Each <u>authorised body [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-body]</u>, and any <u>principal</u> [<a href="https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#principal] of such a body, must ensure that the <u>authorised body</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-body] complies with these rules.
- 5. Each authorised body [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#authorised-body] that has been unable to obtain a policy [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#policy] of qualifying insurance [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#qualifying-insurance] prior to the expiration of the extended policy period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#extended-policy-period], and any principal [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#principal]_of such a body, must ensure that the <u>authorised</u> body [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-body], and each principal [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-<u>regulations/glossary/#principal</u>] or <u>employee</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#employee] of the body, undertakes no activities in connection with private legal practice [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#privatelegal-practice) and accepts no instructions in respect of any such activities during the cessation period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#cessation-period] save to the extent that the activity is necessary in connection with the discharge of its obligations within the scope of the authorised body's [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#authorised-bodyl existing instructions [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#existinginstructions].

Rule 5: Insolvency of participating insurer



[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/indemnity-insurance-rules/?contentId=559325325]

5. If an <u>authorised body [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-</u> <u>regulations/glossary/#authorised-body]</u> is carrying on a <u>practice</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#practice] Which is being provided with qualifying insurance [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#gualifyinginsurance] by a participating insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#participatinginsurer] (whether alone or together with another participating insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#participatinginsurer]) and that participating insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#participating-<u>insurer</u>] is the subject of an <u>insolvency event</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insolvency-event] then the authorised body [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#authorised-body] and any principal [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#principal] of the body must ensure that the authorised body [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-body] has in place qualifying insurance [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#qualifying-insurance] with another participating insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-<u>regulations/glossary/#participating-insurer</u>] as soon as may be reasonably practicable and in any event within four weeks of such insolvency event [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insolvencyevent1.

Rule 6: Monitoring

 $[\underline{https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/indemnity-insurance-rules/?}\\ \underline{contentId=2139355498}]$

6. The <u>SRA [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#SRA]</u> may require from an <u>authorised body</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-body] or any <u>principal [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#principal] in an <u>authorised body</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-body], information and evidence it may reasonably require to satisfy itself that the body has complied with these rules.</u>

Rule 7: RELs

 $[\underline{https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/indemnity-insurance-rules/?} \\ \underline{contentId=1571902023}]$

7. The provisions contained in annex 2 to these rules apply to an <u>authorised body [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-body]</u> that has at least one <u>principal</u>



[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#principal] who is an REL [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#REL].

Part 3: Reporting

Open all [#]

Rule 8: Use of information

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/indemnity-insurance-rules/?contentId=2017025246]

- 8. Each <u>authorised body [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-body]</u> must notify the <u>SRA</u>

 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#SRA] (or such <u>person [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#person]</u>
 as the <u>SRA [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#SRA]</u>
 may notify to the <u>authorised body</u>
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-body]
 from time to time) and its <u>participating insurer</u>
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#participating-insurer] in writing as soon as reasonably practicable and in any event no later than five business days after the date on which:
 - 1. the <u>authorised body [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-body]</u> enters an <u>extended policy period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#extended-policy-period]</u>;
 - 2. the <u>authorised body [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-body]</u> has entered the <u>cessation period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#cessation-period]</u>; and
 - 3. where the authorised body [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#authorised-body] is in the extended policy period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#extendedpolicy-period) or the cessation period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#cessationperiod] , the authorised body [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#authorised-body] has obtained a policy [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#policy] of qualifying insurance [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#qualifying-insurance], and in such case the notification must include the name of the participating insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#participating-insurer] who has issued the policy [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#policy] of qualifying insurance [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#gualifying-insurance] and the policy [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#policy] number.

9. The <u>SRA [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#SRA]</u> may, without limitation and in its absolute discretion, disclose and make available for public inspection the identity of an <u>authorised body's [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-body] participating insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#participating-insurer].</u>

Rule 9: Details of participating insurer

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/indemnity-insurance-rules/?contentId=1449571771]

- 9. This rule is in addition to any obligations imposed on the <u>authorised</u> <u>body [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-body]</u> under the Provision of Services Regulations 2009.
- 10. If a <u>claimant [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-</u> regulations/glossary/#claimant] asserts a claim [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claim] against an authorised body [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#authorised-body] or any person insured under that authorised body's [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#authorised-body] policy [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#policy], and the claim [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claim] relates to any matter within the scope of cover of the MTC [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#MTC], the authorised body [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#authorised-body], and any person who is at the relevant time a principal [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#principal] in that authorised body [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-body] must, upon request by that <u>claimant</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claimant], by any person insured under that authorised body's [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-body] policy [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#policy], or by any other person with a legitimate interest, provide the following details in relation to that authorised body's [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-body] policy [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#policy]:
 - 1. the name of the <u>participating insurer</u>
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#participating-insurer] who issued the <u>policy</u>
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#policy];
 - 2. the <u>policy [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#policy]</u> number; and
 - 3. the address and contact details of the <u>participating insurer</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#participating-insurer] for the purpose of making a

<u>claim [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claim] under the policy</u>

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#policy]_,

in each case in respect of the policy

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#policy] which it is reasonably believed to be the relevant policy

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#policy]_to respond to the claim [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claim], or, if applicable, the fact that the authorised body [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-body] or person against whom the claim [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claim] is asserted is covered by supplementary run-off cover [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#supplementary-run-off-cover].

11. In the case of an <u>authorised body</u>

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-body]
which has ceased <u>practice</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#practice], any person who was a <u>principal</u>
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#principal] in that <u>authorised body</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-body] immediately before that body ceased <u>practice</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#practice] must comply with rule 9.2.

Part 4: Transitionals

Open all [#]

Rule 10: Transitionals and savings

10. For the purposes of the <u>SA [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#SA]</u> (including without limitation section 10 of that Act), any person who is in breach of any rule or part of any rule under the Solicitors' Indemnity Insurance Rules 2000 to 2010 or SRA Indemnity Insurance Rules 2011 to 2013 will be deemed, for so long as that person remains in breach, not to be complying with these rules.

Annex 1

Open all [#]

SRA Minimum Terms and Conditions of Professional Indemnity Insurance



[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/indemnity-insurance-rules/?contentId=192334569]

1. Scope of cover

1. Civil liability

Subject to the limits in clause 2, the insurance must indemnify each insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] against civil liability to the extent that it arises from private legal practice [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#private-legal-practice] in connection with the insured firm's practice [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm's-practice], (including its prior practice [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#prior-practice] and (unless run-off cover is provided in accordance with clause 5.3) any successor practice [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#successor-practice]) provided that a claim [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claim] in respect of such liability:

- is first made against an <u>insured</u>
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured]
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#period-of-insurance]; Or
- 2. is made against an insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] during or after the period of insurance [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#period-of-insurance] and arising from circumstances [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#circumstances] first notified to the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] during the period of insurance [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#period-of-insurance].

2. Defence costs

The insurance must also indemnify the <u>insured</u>
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] against defence costs [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#defence-costs] in relation to:

- 1. any <u>claim [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claim]</u> referred to in clause 1.1; or
- 2. any <u>circumstances</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#circumstances] first notified to the <u>insurer</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] during the <u>period of insurance</u>; [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#period-of-insurance] or
- 3. any investigation or inquiry (save in respect of any disciplinary proceeding under the authority of the SRA
 SRA
 Tribunal [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#Tribunal) during or after the period of

insurance [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#period-of-insurance]_arising from any claim [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claim] referred to in clause 1.1 or from circumstances [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#circumstances] first notified to the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] during the period of insurance [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#period-of-insurance].

3. The insured

For the purposes of the cover contemplated by clause 1.1, the <u>insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer]</u> must include:

- 1. the <u>insured firm [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm]</u>; and
- 2. each service, administration, trustee or nominee <u>company</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#company] owned as at the date of occurrence of relevant <u>circumstances</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#circumstances] by the <u>insured firm</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm] and/or the <u>principals</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#principal] of the <u>insured firm</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm]; and
- 3. each <u>principal [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#principal]</u>, each former <u>principal</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#principal] and each <u>person [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#person]</u> who becomes a <u>principal</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#principal] during the <u>period of insurance</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#period-of-insurance] of the <u>insured firm [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm] Or a <u>Company</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#company] referred to in paragraph (b); and</u>
- each employee [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#employee], each former employee [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#employee] and each person [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#person] who becomes during the period of insurance [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#period-of-insurance] an employee [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#employee] of the insured firm [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm] Or a company [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#company] referred to in paragraph (b); and

5. the estate or legal personal representative of any deceased or legally incapacitated <u>person</u>
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#person]
referred to in paragraph (c) or (d).

4. Award by regulatory authority

The insurance must indemnify each insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] against any amount paid or payable in accordance with the recommendation of the Office for Legal Complaints (including the Legal Ombudsman [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#Legal-Ombudsman] pursuant to section 137(2)(c) and section 137(4)(b) of the LSA [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#LSA1) or any other regulatory authority to the same extent as it indemnifies the insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] against civil liability provided that the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer]_Will have no liability in respect of any determination by the <u>Legal</u> Ombudsman [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#Legal-Ombudsman] pursuant to section 137(2)(b) of the LSA [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#LSA] to refund any fees paid to the insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured].

2. Limit of insurance cover

2. Any one claim The sum insured

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#sum-insured]_for any one claim [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claim]_(exclusive of defence costs
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#defence-costs])
must be, where the insured firm [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm] is a relevant recognised body
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#relevant-recognised-body] or a relevant licensed body
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#relevant-licensed-body]_(in respect of activities regulated by the SRA
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#SRA]_in
accordance with the terms of the body's licence) at least £3 million, and in all other cases, at least £2 million.

- 3. **Defence costs** There must be no monetary limit on the cover for defence costs [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#defence-costs].
- 4. **Proportionate limit on defence costs** Notwithstanding clauses 2.1 and 2.2, the insurance may provide that liability for <u>defence costs [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#defence-costs] in relation to a <u>claim [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claim]</u> which exceeds the <u>sum insured</u></u>

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#sum-insured] is limited to the proportion that the <u>sum insured</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#sum-insured] bears to the total amount paid or payable to dispose of the <u>claim</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claim].

- 5. **No other limit** The insurance must not limit liability to any monetary amount (whether by way of an aggregate limit or otherwise) except as contemplated by clauses 2.1 to 2.3 (inclusive).
- 6. **One claim** The insurance may provide that, when considering what may be regarded as one <u>claim [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claim]</u> for the purposes of the limits contemplated by clauses 2.1 to 2.3 (inclusive):
 - 1. all <u>claims [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claim]</u> against any one or more <u>insured</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] arising from:
 - 1. one act or omission;
 - 2. one series of related acts or omissions;
 - the same act or omission, in a series of related matters or transactions;
 - 4. similar acts or omissions, in a series of related matters or transactions, and
 - 2. all <u>claims</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claim] against one or more <u>insured</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] arising from one matter or transaction will be regarded as one <u>claim</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claim].

7. Multiple underwriters

- **2.6.1** The insurance may be underwritten by more than one <u>insurer</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer], each of which must be a <u>participating insurer</u>
- [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#participating-insurer], provided that the insurance is fully underwritten.
- **2.6.2** Where the insurance is underwritten jointly by more than one <u>insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer]</u>, the insurance:
 - 1. must state which <u>participating insurer</u>
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#participating-insurer] shall be the <u>lead insurer</u>
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#lead-insurer]
 ;
 - 2. may provide that each <u>insurer</u>
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer]
 shall be severally liable only for its respective proportion of liability in accordance with the terms of the insurance; and
 - 3. (in addition to any proportionate limit on <u>defence costs</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#defence-costs] in accordance with clause 2.3), may provide that each <u>insurer's [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer]</u> liability for <u>defence costs</u>

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#defence-costs]_is further limited to the extent or the proportion of that insurer's [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] liability (if any) in relation to the relevant claim [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claim].

2.6.3 The insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] stated to be the lead insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#lead-insurer] Shall act as such including without limitation being responsible for the conduct of claims [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claim] , advancing defence costs [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#defence-costs] (subject to clause 2.6.2(c)) and compromising and arranging the payment of claims [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claim] . The liability of any insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] shall not be increased by virtue only of the fact that it is acting as lead insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#lead-insurer].

3. Excesses

- 3. The insurance may be subject to an excess
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#excess] of such monetary amount and on such terms as the insurer
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm] agree. Subject to clause 3.4, the excess
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#excess] may be 'self-insured' or partly or wholly insured without regard to these MTC
 <a href="mailto:line="mailto:mill
- 4. The insurance must provide that the excess
 excess)
 deductible does not reduce the limit of liability contemplated by clause 2.1.
- 5. The <u>excess [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#excess]</u> must not apply to <u>defence costs</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#defence-costs].
- 6. The insurance must provide that, if an insured
 <a href="[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] fails to pay to a claimant
 <a href="[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#excess]
 <a href="mailto:lhttps://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#excess]
 <a href="mailto:lhttps://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#elaimant]
 <a href="mailto:lhttps://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured]
 lhttps://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer]
 lhttps://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer]
 lhttps://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer]
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 lhttps://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer]
 lhttps://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer]
 lhttps://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-

regulations/glossary/#insurer] is liable to remedy the default on the insured's [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] behalf. The insurance may provide that any amount paid by the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] to remedy such a default erodes the sum insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#sum-insured].

- 7. The insurance may provide for multiple claims
 <a href="[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claim] to be treated as one claim
 <a href="[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claim] for the purposes of an excess
 excess
 contemplated by clause 3.1 on such terms as the insured firm
 <a href="mailto:https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm] and the insurer
 <a href="mailto:https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm] and the insurer
 <a href="mailto:https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm] and insured
 <a href="mailto:thttps://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm]
 insured
 <a href="mailto:thttps://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm]
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 <a href="mailto:thttps://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm]
 insured
 <a href="mailto:thttps://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm]
 <a href="mailto:thttps://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm]
- 8. In the case of insurance written on an excess of loss basis, there shall be no excess except in relation to the primary layer.

4. Special conditions

4. No avoidance or repudiation

The insurance must provide that the <u>insurer</u> [<a href="https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] is not entitled to avoid or repudiate the insurance on any grounds whatsoever including, without limitation, any breach of the duty to make a fair presentation of the risk, or any misrepresentation, in each case whether fraudulent or not.

4. No adjustment or denial

The insurance must provide that the <u>insurer</u> [<a href="https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] is not entitled to reduce or deny its liability under the insurance on any grounds whatsoever including, without limitation, any breach of any term or condition of the insurance, except to the extent that one of the exclusions contemplated by clause 6 applies.

5. No cancellation

The insurance must provide that it cannot be cancelled except (in the case of (a), (b) or (c) below) by the agreement of both the insured firm [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm] and the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer], and in any event only in circumstances where:

1. the <u>insured firm's practice [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm's-practice]</u> is merged into a <u>successor practice [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#successor-practice]</u>, provided that there is insurance complying with these <u>MTC</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#MTC] in

relation to that <u>successor practice</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#successor-practice], in which case cancellation shall have effect no earlier than the date of such merger; or

- 2. replacement insurance, complying with the MTC
 MTC
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#MTC] in effect at its commencement, commences, in which case cancellation shall have effect no earlier than the date on which such replacement insurance commences; or
- 3. it subsequently transpires that the insured firm [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm] is not required under the SRA Indemnity Insurance Rules to effect a policy [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#policy] of qualifying insurance [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#gualifyinginsurance], in which case cancellation shall have effect from the later of (a) the start of the relevant policy period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#policyperiod) and (b) the date on which the insured firm [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm] ceased to be required to effect a policy [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#policy] of qualifying insurance [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#gualifying-insurance], or such later date as the insured firm [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#insured-firm] and the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] may agree.

Cancellation must not affect the rights and obligations of the parties accrued under the insurance prior to the date from which cancellation has effect.

6. No set off

The insurance must provide that any amount payable by the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] to indemnify an insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] against civil liability to a claimant [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claimant] will be paid only to the claimant [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claimant] or at the claimant's [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claimant] direction, and that the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] including, without limitation, any payment of premium or to reimburse the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] including, without limitation, any payment of premium or to reimburse the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] including, without limitation, any payment of premium or to reimburse the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer].

7. No 'other insurance' provision

The insurance must not provide that the liability of the <u>insurer</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] is reduced or excluded by reason of the existence or availability of any

other insurance other than: (i) as contemplated by clause 6.1; or (ii) where the insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#insured], having entered the extended policy period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#extendedpolicy-period] or cessation period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#cessation-period], obtains a policy [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#policy] of qualifying insurance [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-<u>regulations/glossary/#qualifying-insurance</u>]_that incepts from and with effect from the expiration of the policy period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#policy-period]. For the avoidance of doubt and subject to the provisions of the participating insurer's agreement [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#participatinginsurer's-agreement], this requirement is not intended to affect any right of the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#insurer] to claim contribution from any other insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] which is also liable to indemnify any insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured].

8. No retroactive date

The insurance must not exclude or limit the liability of the insurer <a hr

9. Successor practice - 'double insurance'

The insurance may provide that, if the insured firm"s practice
insurance
<a href="[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#period-of-insurance]
insurens:linear-neg-lations/glossary/#period-of-insurance
insurance
<a href="mailto:linear-neg-lations/glossary/#period-of-insurance]
insurance
<a href="mailto:linear-neg-lations/glossary/#period-of-insurance]
insurance
<a href="mailto:linear-neg-lations/glossary/#paractice]
<a href="mailto:linear-neg-lations/glossary/#paractice]
insurance
<a href="mailto:lations/glossary/#paractice]
insurance
<a href="mailto:lations/glossary/#paractice]
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<a href="mailto:lations/glossary/#paractice]
<a href="mailto:lations/glossary/#paractice]
<a href="mailto:lations/glossary/#paractice]
insurance
<a href="mailto:lations/glossary/#paractice]
<a href="mailto:lations/glossary/#p

10. **Resolution of disputes as to insurer of successor practice**The insurance must provide that, if there is a dispute as to whether a practice [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#practice] is a successor-practice [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#successor-practice] for the purposes of clauses 1.1 or 5.5, the insured

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] and the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] will take all reasonable steps (including, if appropriate, referring the dispute to arbitration) to resolve the dispute in conjunction with any related dispute between any other party which has insurance complying with these MTC [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#MTC] and that party's insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer].

.8A Conduct of a claim pending dispute resolution

The insurance must provide that, pending resolution of any coverage dispute and without prejudice to any issue in dispute, the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] will, if so directed by the SRA [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#SRA], conduct any claim, advance defence costs [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#defence-costs] and, if appropriate, compromise and pay the claim. If the SRA [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#SRA] is satisfied that:

- 4. the party requesting the direction has taken all reasonable steps to resolve the dispute with the other party/ies;
- 5. there is a reasonable prospect that the coverage dispute will be resolved or determined in the <u>insured's</u>
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured]
 favour; and
- 6. it is fair and equitable in all the circumstances for such direction to be given,

it may in its absolute discretion make such a direction.

4. Advancement of defence costs

The insurance must provide that the insurer
<a href="[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] will meet defence costs [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#defence-costs] as and when they are incurred, including defence costs [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#defence-costs] incurred on behalf of an insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] who is alleged to have committed or condoned dishonesty or a fraudulent act or omission, provided that the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] is not liable for defence costs [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#defence-costs] incurred on behalf of that insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] after the earlier of:

1. that <u>insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured]</u> admitting to the <u>insurer</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] the

commission or condoning of such dishonesty, act or omission; or

2. a court or other judicial body finding that that <u>insured</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] was in fact guilty of such dishonesty, act or omission.

5. Variation of insurance terms

The terms of the insurance must provide that the insurer
<a href="[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] shall vary the terms of the insurance to give effect to any variation to the SRA Indemnity Insurance Rules, the Glossary and the MTC
<a href="mailto:lhttps://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#MTC], such variation to be implemented by the insurer

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer]_:

- on the date of any renewal or replacement of the insurance or any extension to the <u>period of insurance</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#period-ofinsurance] occurring in that <u>indemnity period</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#indemnityperiod]; Or
- 2. on each date falling in 18 month intervals from the commencement of the policy period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#policy-period] where no variation has occurred by reason of clause 4.10(a) within the immediately preceding 18 month period. save that no variation shall be required under clause 4.10(b) where the date on which variation would have been required is a date within the extended policy period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#extended-policy-period] or the cessation period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#cessation-period].

6. MTC to prevail

The insurance must provide that:

- 1. the insurance is to be construed or rectified so as to comply with the requirements of these MTC
 MTC
 MTC
 <a href="mailto:lhttps://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#MTC]
 MTC
 <a href="mailto:lhttps://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#MTC]
 <a href="mailt
- 2. any provision which is inconsistent with these MTC
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#MTC]
 (including any amendment pursuant to clause 4.10) is to be severed or rectified to comply.

5. Extended policy period and run-off cover

5. Extended policy period

The insurance must provide cover complying with the MTC
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#MTC] for the duration of the extended policy period
https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm] has not, prior to the expiration of the policy period [<a href="https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm] has not, prior to the expiration of the policy period [<a href="https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm] has not, prior to the expiration of the policy period [<a href="https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm] has not, prior to the expiration of the policy period [<a href="https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm]

<u>regulations/glossary/#policy-period</u>], obtained insurance complying with the <u>MTC [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#MTC</u>] and incepting on and with effect from the day immediately following the expiration of the <u>policy period</u>

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#policy-period].

6. **Cessation period**

The insurance must provide cover complying with the MTC
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#MTC] for the duration of the cessation-period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#cessation-period] where an insured firm
<a href="mailto:lhttps://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm] has not, prior to the expiration of the extended-policy-period
https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#MTC] and incepting on and with effect from the day immediately following the expiration of the policy-period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#policy-period].

7. Run-off cover

Subject to clause 5.7 the insurance must provide run-off cover:

- 1. in the event of a <u>cessation [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#cessation]</u> that occurs during or on expiration of the <u>policy period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#policy-period]</u>;
- 2. in the event of a <u>cessation [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#cessation]</u> that occurs during the <u>extended policy period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#extended-policy-period]</u> or the <u>cessation period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#cessation-period]</u>; or
- 3. from the expiration of the <u>cessation period</u>
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#cessation-period];

and for the purposes of this clause 5.3 and clause 5.7, an <u>insured firm's practice [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm's-practice]</u> shall (without limitation) be regarded as ceasing if (and with effect from the date upon which) the <u>insured firm [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm]</u> becomes a <u>non-SRA firm</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#non-SRA-firm].

8. Scope of run-off cover

The run-off cover referred to in clause 5.3 must:

- 1. indemnify each <u>insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured]</u> in accordance with clauses 1.1 to 1.4;
- 2. provide a minimum level of insurance cover in accordance with clauses 2.1 and 2.3;
- 3. be subject to the exclusions and conditions of the insurance applicable in accordance with the MTC
 <a href="https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#MTC]; and

4. extend the period of insurance

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#period-of-insurance] for an additional six years (ending on the sixth anniversary of the date upon which, but for this requirement, it would have ended, and for the avoidance of doubt, including the extended policy period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#extended-policy-period] and cessation period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#cessation-period],) save that in respect of run-off cover provided under clause 5.3(c), such run-off cover shall not operate to indemnify any regulated insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] for civil liability arising from acts or omissions of such insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] occurring after the expiration of the cessation period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#cessation-period].

9. Succession

The insurance must provide that, if there is a <u>successor practice</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#successor-practice] to the ceased <u>practice</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm] may elect before its cessation [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#practice">https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#practice]:

- 1. to be insured under the run-off cover referred to in clause 5.3(a) or
- 2. provided that there is insurance complying with these MTC
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#MTC]_in
 relation
 to that successor practice
 practice], to be insured as a prior-practice]
 practice]
 under such insurance.

If the <u>insured firm [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm]</u> fails to make an election and/or fails to pay any premium due under the terms of the <u>policy</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#policy], before its <u>cessation [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#cessation]</u>, clause 5.5(b) above shall apply.

- 10. **Suspended practices** The insurance must provide that, where run-off cover has been activated in accordance with this clause 5, but where the <u>insured firm's practice</u>
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm's-practice] restarts, the <u>insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer]</u> may (but shall not be obliged to) cancel such run-off cover, on such terms as may be agreed, provided that:
 - 1. there is insurance complying with these <u>MTC</u>

 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#MTC]_in
 relation to that insured firm [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-

- <u>regulations/glossary/#insured-firm]</u> in force on the date of cancellation;
- 2. the <u>participating insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#participating-insurer]</u> providing such insurance confirms in writing to the <u>insured firm</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm] and the <u>insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer]</u> (if different) that:
 - 1. it is providing insurance complying with these MTC
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#MTC]
 in relation to that insured firm
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#insured-firm] for the then current
 indemnity period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#indemnity-period]; and
 - 2. it is doing so on the basis that the insured firm's practice [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#insured-firm's-practice] is regarded as being a continuation of the insured firm's practice [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#insured-firm's-practice] prior to cessation [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-<u>regulations/glossary/#cessation</u>] and that accordingly it is liable for claims [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#claim] against the insured firm [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#insured-firm] arising from incidents, occurrences, facts, matters, acts and/or omissions which occurred prior to cessation [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#cessation].

11. Transfer to another approved regulator

Clause 5.3 above does not apply where the insured firm
<a href="[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm"]
becomes an authorised non-SRA firm
<a href="[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-non-SRA-firm]
provided that the approved regulator
https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#authorised-non-SRA-firm
https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#sra]
which relates to switching between approved regulators
https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#approved-regulator].

6. Exclusions

The insurance must not exclude or limit the liability of the <u>insurer</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] except to the extent that any <u>claim [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-</u>

<u>regulations/glossary/#claim]</u> or related <u>defence costs</u>
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#defence-costs] arise from the matters set out in this clause 6.

6. Prior cover

Any <u>claim [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claim]</u> in respect of which the <u>insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured]</u> is entitled to be indemnified under a professional indemnity insurance contract for a period earlier than the <u>period of insurance [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#period-of-insurance]</u>, whether by reason of notification of <u>circumstances [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#circumstances]</u> under the earlier contract or otherwise.

7. Death or bodily injury

Any liability of any <u>insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured]</u> for causing or contributing to death or bodily injury, except that the insurance must nonetheless cover liability for psychological injury or emotional distress which arises from a breach of duty in the performance of (or failure to perform) legal work.

8. Property damage

Any liability of any insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] for causing or contributing to damage to, or destruction or physical loss of, any property (other than property in the care, custody or control of any insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] in connection with the insured firm's practice [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm's-practice] and not occupied or used in the course of the insured firm's practice [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm's-practice]), except that the insurance must nonetheless cover liability for such damage, destruction or loss which arises from breach of duty in the performance of (or failure to perform) legal work.

9. Partnership disputes

Any actual or alleged breach of the insured firm <a href="[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm"] partnership https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#partnership or shareholder agreement or arrangement or arrangements, including any equivalent agreement or arrangement where the insured firm insured firm <a href="[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#LLP] or a Company https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#company] without a share capital.

10. Employment breaches, discrimination, etc.

Wrongful dismissal, repudiation or breach of an employment contract or arrangement, termination of a training contract, harassment, discrimination or like conduct in relation to any partnership [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#partnership] or shareholder agreement or arrangement or the equivalent where the insured firm [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm] is an LLP [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#LLP] or a company [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#company] without a share capital, or in relation to any employment or training agreement or arrangement.

11. **Debts, trading liabilities and funding arrangements**Anv:

- trading or personal debt of any <u>insured</u>
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured; or
- 2. legal liability assumed or accepted by an insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured]_Or an insured firm [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#insured-firm] under any contract or agreement for the supply to, or use by, the <u>insured</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured]_Or insured firm [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#insured-firm] of goods or services in the course of the insured firm's practice [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insuredfirm's-practice], save that this exclusion 6.6(b) will not apply to any legal liability arising in the course of an insured firm's practice [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#insured-firm's-practice] in connection with its or any insured's [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#insured] use of or access to the HM Land Registry network (including, without limitation, access under a Network Access Agreement made under the Land Registration (Network Access) Rules and the Land Registration (Electronic Communications) Order 2007) other than an obligation to pay search fees or other charges for searches or services provided by HM Land Registry to the insured firm [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm] ; or
- 3. guarantee indemnity or undertaking by any particular <u>insured</u> [<a href="https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured]_in connection with the provision of finance, property, assistance or other benefit or advantage directly or indirectly to that insured [insured [insured [<a href="https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured].

12. Fines, penalties, etc

Any:

- 1. fine or penalty; or
- 2. award of punitive, exemplary or like damages under the law of the United States of America or Canada, other than in respect of defamation; or

3. order or agreement to pay the costs of a complainant, regulator, investigator or prosecutor of any professional conduct complaint against, or investigation into the professional conduct of, any insured
insured.

[insured].

13. Fraud or dishonesty

The insurance may exclude liability of the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer]_to indemnify any particular person [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#person]_to the extent that any civil liability or related defence-costs [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#defence-costs]_arise from dishonesty or a fraudulent act or omission committed or condoned by that person [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#person]_, except that:

- 1. the insurance must nonetheless cover each other <u>insured</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured]; and
- 2. the insurance must provide that no dishonesty, act or omission will be imputed to a body corporate unless it was committed or condoned by, in the case of a company
 company
 company
 lhttps://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#company
 nthttps://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#company
 nthttps://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#member
 nthttps://www.sra

14. Directors' or officers' liability

The insurance may exclude liability of the insurer
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] to indemnify any natural person in their capacity as a member
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#member] of an LLP
LLP
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#member] or of an LLP
LLP
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#LLP] or officer of a body corporate (other than a recognised body
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#recognised-body], licensed body
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#sra]
in relation to the activities regulated
by the SRA [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#sra]
in accordance with the terms of the body's licence) or a service, administration, trustee or nominee company
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#company]
referred to in clause 1.3(b)) except that:

1. the insurance must nonetheless cover any liability of that person [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-

- <u>regulations/glossary/#person]</u> which arises from a breach of duty in the performance of (or failure to perform) legal work; and
- 2. the insurance must nonetheless cover each other <u>insured</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] against any vicarious or joint liability.

15. War and terrorism, and asbestos

The insurance may exclude, by way of an exclusion or endorsement, liability of the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] to indemnify any insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] in respect of, or in any way in connection with:

- 1. terrorism, war or other hostilities; and/or
- 2. asbestos, or any actual or alleged asbestos-related injury or damage involving the use, presence, existence, detection, removal, elimination or avoidance of asbestos or exposure to asbestos,

provided that any such exclusion or endorsement does not exclude or limit any liability of the <u>insurer</u>

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer]_to indemnify any insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured]_against civil liability or related defence Costs [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#defence-costs]_arising from any actual or alleged breach of duty in the performance of (or failure to perform) legal work or failure to discharge or fulfil any duty incidental to the insured firm's practice [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm's-practice]_or to the conduct of private legal practice [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#private-legal-practice].

16. International trade sanctions

The <u>insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer]</u> shall be deemed not to provide cover and shall not be liable to pay any <u>claim</u>
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claim] or provide any benefit under the insurance to the extent that the provision of such cover, payment of such <u>claim</u>
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claim] or provision of such benefit would expose the <u>insurer</u>
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] to any sanction, prohibition or restriction under United Nations resolutions or the trade or economic sanctions, laws or regulations of the European Union, United Kingdom, Australia or United States of America.

17. Cyber, infrastructure and Data Protection Law

The insurance may exclude, by way of an exclusion or endorsement, the liability of the insurer to indemnify any insured in respect of, or in any way in connection with:

1. a <u>cyber-act</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#Cyber-Act]

- 2. a partial or total failure of any <u>computer system</u>

 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#Computer-system]
- 3. the receipt or transmission of malware, malicious code or similar by the insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] or any other party acting on behalf of the insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured]
- 4. the failure or interruption of services relating to <u>core</u> <u>infrastructure [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#Core-infrastructure]</u>
- 5. a breach of <u>Data Protection Law</u>
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#Data-Protection-Law]

provided that any such exclusion or endorsement does not exclude or limit any liability of the <u>insurer</u>

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer]_to indemnify any insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] against:

- i. civil liability referred to in clause 1.1 (including the obligation to remedy a breach of the SRA Accounts Rules as described in the definition of claim)
- ii. [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured]
 defence costs [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#defence-costs]
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured]
 referred to in clause 1.2 that would have been covered under
 the insurance even absent an event at 6(a) to 6(e) detailed
 above
- iii. any award by a regulatory authority referred to in clause 1.4 In addition, any such exclusion or endorsement should not exclude or limit any liability of the <u>insurer</u>

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer]_to indemnify any insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] against matters referred to at (i) (ii) and (iii) above in circumstances where automated technology has been utilised.

7. General conditions

7. As agreed

The insurance may contain such general conditions as are agreed between the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] and the insured firm [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm], but the insurance must provide that the special conditions required by clause 4 prevail to the extent of any inconsistency.

8. Reimbursement

The insurance may provide that each <u>insured</u>
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured]_who:



- 1. committed or condoned (whether knowingly or recklessly):
 - 1. any breach of the duty to make a fair presentation of the risk, or misrepresentation; or
 - 2. any breach of the terms or conditions of the insurance; or
 - 3. dishonesty or any fraudulent act or omission; or
- 2. undertakes, either itself or by any of its <u>principals</u>
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#principal],
 employees [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#employee], consultants or agents or any
 person [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#person] on its behalf, any activity during the
 cessation period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#cessation-period] in connection with private legal
 practice [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#private-legal-practice] save to the extent that the
 activity is undertaken to discharge any of its obligations within
 the scope of its <u>existing instructions</u>
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#existinginstructions] or is necessary in connection with the discharge of
 any such obligation,

will reimburse the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] to the extent that is just and equitable having regard to the prejudice caused to the insurer's [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] interests by such failure to make a fair presentation of the risk, misrepresentation, breach, dishonesty, act or omission, provided that no insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] shall be required to make any such reimbursement to the extent that any such breach of the terms or conditions of the insurance was in order to comply with any applicable regulatory arrangements
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#regulatory-arrangements] of the SRA [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#SRA].

The insurance must provide that no failure to make a fair presentation of the risk, misrepresentation, breach, dishonesty, act or omission will be imputed to a body corporate unless it was committed or condoned by, in the case of a company
company
company
company
company
mailto:lhttps://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#company
lhttps://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#member
<a href

The insurance must provide further that any right of reimbursement contemplated by this clause 7.2 against any person

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#person] referred to in clause 1.3(d) (or against the estate or legal personal representative of any such person

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#person] if they die or become legally incapacitated) is limited to the extent that is just and equitable having regard to the prejudice caused to the insurer's [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] interests by that person [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#person] having committed or condoned (whether knowingly or recklessly) the failure to make a fair presentation of the risk, misrepresentation, breach, dishonesty, act or omission.

9. Reimbursement of defence costs

The insurance may provide that each <u>insured</u>
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] will reimburse the <u>insurer</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] for <u>defence costs</u>
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#defence-costs] advanced on that <u>insured's [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured]</u> behalf which the <u>insurer</u>
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] is not ultimately liable to pay.

10. Reimbursement of the excess

The insurance may provide for those persons

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#person] who are at any time during the <u>period of insurance</u>

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#period-of-

insurance] principals [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-

regulations/glossary/#principal] of the insured firm

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm], together with in relation to a sole practitioner.

together with, in relation to a <u>sole practitioner</u>

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#sole-practitioner], any person [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-

regulations/glossary/#person] held out as a partner

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#partner] of that practitioner, to reimburse the <u>insurer</u>

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] for any excess [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#excess] paid by the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-

regulations/glossary/#insurer] on an insured's

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured]_behalf.

The <u>sum insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-</u>

<u>regulations/glossary/#sum-insured</u>] must be reinstated to the extent of reimbursement of any amount which eroded it as contemplated by clause 3.4.

11. **Reimbursement of moneys paid pending dispute resolution**The insurance may provide that each <u>insured</u>

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] will

reimburse the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] following resolution of any coverage dispute for any amount paid by the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] on that insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] behalf which, on the basis of the resolution of the dispute, the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] is not ultimately liable to pay.

12. Withholding assets or entitlements

The insurance may require the <u>insured firm</u>
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm]_to
account to the <u>insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer]</u> for any asset or entitlement of any <u>person</u>
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#person]_Who
committed or condoned any dishonesty or fraudulent act or
omission, provided that the <u>insured firm</u>
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm]_is
legally entitled to withhold that asset or entitlement from that
person [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#person].

13. Premium

The premium may be calculated on such basis as the insurer
insured
determines and the insured firm [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm] accepts including, without limitation, a basis which recognises claims [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#claim] history, categories of work performed by the insured firm [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm], numbers of principals [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#principal] and employees [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm's-practice] and other risk factors determined by the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm's-practice] and other risk factors determined by the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm's-practice] and other risk factors determined by the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm's-practice] and other risk factors determined by the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm's-practice] and other risk factors determined by the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer].

8. Law and Jurisdiction

These MTC [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#MTC] and any dispute or claim (including non-contractual disputes or claims) arising out of or in connection with them or their subject matter or formation shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the law of England and Wales and subject to the jurisdiction of the courts of England and Wales.

Annex 2

Open all [#]



Special provisions for RELs

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/indemnity-insurance-rules/?contentId=637457792]

1. If:

1. one or more of the principals

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#principal] of an insured firm [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm] are RELs [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#REL] who claim that professional indemnity insurance, or a professional indemnity fund, under their home professional rules provides the insured firm's practice [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm's-practice] with professional indemnity cover in all respects equivalent in its conditions and extent to that which would be provided under the MTC [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#MTC] (Full Home State Cover);

- no more than 25% of the <u>principals</u>
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#principal] of the <u>insured firm [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm] are solicitors</u>
 [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#solicitor]; and
- 3. the <u>SRA [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#SRA]</u> is so satisfied, (including, without limitation, by reason of any provider of the Full Home State Cover entering into such agreement as the <u>SRA [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#SRA]</u> may require from time to time),

the insured firm [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm] and its principals
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#principal] shall for so long as such cover continues (and, where the SRA [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#SRA] has required such agreement, for so long as such agreement remains in force and its requirements are complied with by the provider(s) of the Full Home State Cover that are party to it) be exempted from the obligation to take out and maintain qualifying insurance [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#qualifying-insurance].

2. If on an application by one or more <u>RELs</u>

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#REL] who are
principals [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#principal] in an insured firm
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm], the
SRA [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#SRA] is

satisfied that the insured firm's practice

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm's-practice] has professional indemnity cover under home professional rules but that the equivalence is only partial (Partial Home State Cover) (including, without limitation, by reason of the provider of the Partial Home State Cover entering into such agreement as the SRA [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#SRA] may require from time to time), the insured firm

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm] and its principals [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-

regulations/glossary/#principal] shall for so long as such cover continues (and, where the SRA [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#SRA] has required such agreement, for so long as such agreement remains in force and its requirements are complied with by the provider(s) of the Partial Home State Cover that are party to it) be exempted from the obligation to take out and maintain qualifying insurance [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#qualifying-insurance], on condition that they take out and maintain a difference in conditions policy, which shall provide cover including the MTC [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#MTC] as modified by the following changes (but not otherwise):

- 1. Clause 4.5 shall be deleted and replaced with the following:
 - 1. 4.5 No 'other insurance' provision
 - The insurance must not provide that the liability of the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] is reduced or excluded by reason of the existence or availability of any other insurance other than as contemplated by clauses 6.1 or 6.12. For the avoidance of doubt, this requirement is not intended to affect any right of the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] to claim contribution from any other insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] which is also liable to indemnify any insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured].
- 2. Clause 4.8 shall be deleted and replaced with the following:
 - 1. 4.8 Resolution of disputes
 - 2. The insurance must provide that, if there is a dispute as to whether a practice [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#practice] is a Successor-practice [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#successor-practice] for the purposes of clauses 1.1, or 5.5, the insured [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured] and the insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insurer] will take all reasonable steps to resolve the dispute in conjunction with any related dispute

between any other party which has insurance complying with these MTC [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#MTC] and that party's insurer, and in conjunction with the provider of the Partial Home State Cover [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#Partial-Home-State-Cover].

- 3. Clause 4.12 shall be added:
 - 1. **4.12** Period of insurance
 - 2. The period of insurance must not expire prior to the date with effect on which the <u>Partial Home State Cover</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#Partial-Home-State-Cover] expires or is avoided.
- 4. The following clause shall be added:
 - 1. 6.12 Partial Home State Cover
 - The insurance may exclude any liability of the insurer to the extent that any such liability is covered under the terms of the <u>Partial Home State Cover</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standardsregulations/glossary/#Partial-Home-State-Cover] irrespective of whether recovery is actually made in respect of such liability.
- 3. In the event of an insured firm [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm] which has the benefit of an exemption under paragraph 1 or paragraph 2 of this annex ceasing for whatever reason to enjoy that exemption but continuing to carry on a practice it shall be treated for all the purposes of these rules as though it had commenced the practice on the date when such exemption ceased.
- 4. Rule 5 (Insolvency of Participating Insurer) shall apply to an <u>insured firm [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm]</u> which has the benefit of an exemption under paragraph 1 or paragraph 2 of this annex in like manner as though the insurance company or entity or fund providing professional indemnity cover under its home professional rules, on the basis of which exemption or partial exemption was granted, was a <u>participating insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#participating-insurer]</u>.
- 5. In the case of an insured firm [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#insured-firm] which has the benefit of an exemption under paragraph 2 of this annex all the provisions of these rules shall apply to the additional professional indemnity insurance required under that paragraph to be taken out with a participating-insurer [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#participating-insurer].

Supplemental notes

Made by the SRA Board on 16 December 2024.



Made under sections 31 and 37 of the Solicitors Act 1974, section 9 of the Administration of Justice Act 1985, and section 83 of, and paragraph 19 of Schedule 11 to the Legal Services Act 2007.

The SRA Indemnity Insurance Rules 2013 do not apply in respect of any <u>indemnity period [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#indemnity-period]</u> beginning on or after 24 November 2019 but they remain in force in respect of the <u>indemnity period</u> [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/glossary/#indemnity-period] from 1 October 2013 to 24 November 2019 inclusive.

SRA Indemnity Insurance Rules

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Guidance (5) [] Glossary terms (1) []

Tags

RELs and RFLs [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/index/#12884941444] Professional indemnity insurance [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/standards-regulations/index/#12884941487] Print this section [javascript:PrintFromSidebar()] Copy highlighted section to clipboard [#] Back to []

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Guidance

Guidance

The Insurance Act 2015 - Guidance

[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/guidance/insurance-act-2015-consequential-changes-minimum-terms-conditions-professional-indemnity-insurance/]

Guidance: To help you understand changes to the minimum terms and conditions of solicitors' professional indemnity insurance which came into force in August 2016.

<u>Adequate and appropriate indemnity insurance - Guidance</u>
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/guidance/adequate-and-appropriate-indemnity-insurance/]

Guidance: To help you understand your requirement to take out and maintain professional indemnity insurance that provides adequate and



appropriate cover in respect of services you provide.

<u>Adequate and appropriate indemnity insurance - Case studies</u>
[https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/guidance/adequate-appropriate-indemnity-insurance/]

Case studies: This case study should be read in conjunction with the guidance on adequate and appropriate indemnity insurance.

<u>Professional indemnity insurance extended policy cessation period - Case studies [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/guidance/professional-indemnity-insurance-extended-policy-cessation-period/]</u>

Case studies: These case studies explain when firms must keep us informed if they are having difficulties obtaining professional indemnity insurance during the renewal period.

<u>Professional indemnity [https://www.sra.org.uk/solicitors/resources-archived/indemnity/]</u>

The Solicitors Regulation Authority (SRA) regulates solicitors in England and Wales. Browse the Code of Conduct, Solicitors' Accounts Rules and CPD requirements, or apply for permission to practise. Professional indemnity

Glossary terms

indemnity period

means:

- i. in the SRA Indemnity Insurance Rules and the *MTC*, the period of one year starting on 1 September 2000, 2001 or 2002, the period of 13 calendar months starting on 1 September 2003, or the period of one year starting on 1 October in any subsequent calendar year
- ii. in the SRA Indemnity Fund Rules, the period of one year commencing on 1 September in any calendar year from 1987 to 2002 inclusive, the period of 13 calendar months commencing on 1 September 2003, and the period of one year commencing on 1 October in any subsequent calendar year.

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